

Pricing Water to Save It

How Commodification Unlocks Global Capital

A common question we get asked is how does commodification unlock capital? I don't get it.

To most people, the word "commodification" sounds like cold jargon—a term used by Wall Street folks that feels disconnected from the real-world. One might worry that turning a precious, life-giving resource like water into a commodity means exploitation or reckless commercialization.

But in capital markets, commodification actually means something entirely different. It means standardization and trust.

When an asset is commodified, it is translated from a messy, unpredictable, localized resource into a uniform, universally understood package. This simple structural change completely rewrites the financial playbook. It bridges the gap between the people who want to build sustainable infrastructure and the trillions of dollars of institutional capital currently sitting on the sidelines.

Let's look at how this mechanism functions broadly, and see exactly how it works in practice for Kreneon.

Why Commodification has Changed Our World

To understand how commodification unlocks money, imagine you want to buy an apple. If there is no grocery store, no weight system, and no grading system, you have to travel directly to a private orchard, inspect the trees yourself, haggle over a price for that specific batch based on your perception of the apple, it's varietal, it's quality, etc and then figure out how to transport your apples home in your own truck.

Because every single transaction is unique, expensive, and time-consuming, very few apples get sold. More importantly, no bank will lend money to someone trying to plant a new orchard because the return on that investment is completely unpredictable. When a market has no standard definition of a unit, capital cannot move. This is the exact data bottleneck paralyzing the global water economy today.

This is exactly how the global water market operates today. Every water desalination plant, wastewater recycling facility, or rural well project is built as a highly complex,

one-off project. The contracts are bespoke, the data is hidden, and the financial risk is opaque.

Commodification fixes this by introducing four core pillars:

1. **Standard Units:** It breaks down a massive, variable resource into identical, standardized lots, ensuring everyone is trading the exact same thing.
2. **Quality Certainty:** It guarantees that every lot meets a strict, unvarying specification, removing the need for a buyer to personally inspect the production site.
3. **Frictionless Clearing:** It allows these standardized units to be traded, verified, and settled digitally across international systems in seconds.
4. **Price Transparency:** It establishes a clear, publicly visible market price. This ends the era of blind, offline negotiations and lets the world see the real economic value of the asset in real time.

When these four pillars exist, an asset becomes bankable. A fund manager doesn't need to understand the mechanical intricacies of a specific pipe network or an industrial filtration system; they just need to see a standardized contract with a transparent market price.

And this is why when commodification is introduced, private capital flows in.

Historically, institutional investors do not avoid an entire sector because they dislike the cause; they stay away because they cannot manage unstandardized risk. The moment a market establishes standard units, transparent clearing house mechanisms, and reliable price discovery, the capital pipeline shifts from a cautious trickle to a massive macroeconomic flood.

Public Trust Guardrails: What We Are Not Commodifying

As we stand at the beginning of this journey, trust and transparency are essential, and therefore our solution by design includes guardrails. Water is simultaneously an asset, a public good, an ecological foundation, and a human right. However, the dangerous assumption that a public good must be a "free" or unvalued resource has directly resulted in the underfunded water infrastructure that plagues our communities and nations today. Kreneon's platform introduces a neutral digital data layer that does not affect the current ownership, rights, or governing laws of the water. It leaves the current stewards, whether they be individuals, local communities or public institutions, as the owners and decision makers of their assets. We are not commodifying the physical molecule; we are standardizing and financializing verifiable data attributes and stewardship outcomes at the source. We are pricing the

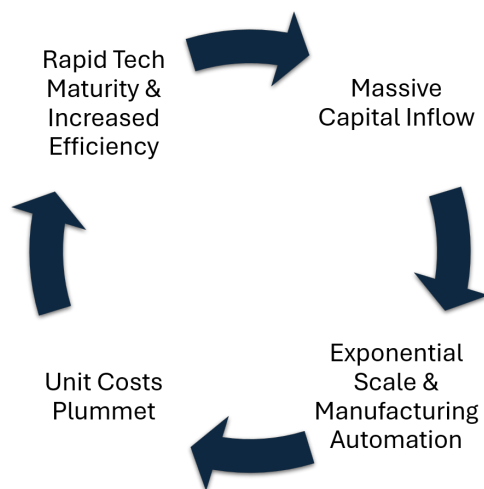
verified proof of water creation to ensure that infrastructure development and clean water generation are sustainably funded.

The Renewable Energy Blueprint

We have already watched this exact capital migration play out in the renewable energy sector over the last two decades. In the early 2000s, solar and wind projects were treated exactly like water infrastructure is treated today: they were risky, heavily dependent on volatile government subsidies, and viewed as bespoke engineering experiments.

The turning point occurred when the energy market unbundled its data attributes and standardized Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs) and Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs). This structural transformation turned green electrons into a cleared commodity asset class. The results were immediate and staggering. Today, private capital funds over 75% of clean energy infrastructure projects, while struggling water projects are left stranded with private capital covering less than 15% of their development costs. Between 2004 and 2024, global annual investment in renewable energy skyrocketed from roughly \$50 billion to over \$600 billion—a massive 1,200% explosion in private market mobilization [1, 2].

The Unit Cost Flywheel



When a commodity framework opens the floodgates to that scale of institutional wealth, it triggers a powerful, self-sustaining economic flywheel.

As trillions of dollars poured into standardized energy contracts, developers achieved unprecedented economies of scale and manufacturing automation. This structural shift caused the Levelized Cost of Energy (LCOE) - the basetime lifetime cost for generating power) for utility-scale solar photovoltaic (PV) power to plummet by a staggering 89% between 2010 and 2023 [3]. In that same time

frame, the unit cost of onshore wind power crashed by 69% [3]. Commodification turned an expensive, alternative technology into the cheapest source of bulk electricity generation in human history.

Stimulating Next-Generation Innovation

This dramatic drop in unit costs did not just make legacy systems cheaper; it drove a secondary wave of much faster technological maturity. Additionally, the profitability of the standardized market created a powerful R&D incentive for innovators. Capital markets began aggressively funding advanced technologies that previously languished in labs—accelerating the transition from basic silicon solar cells to next-generation ultra-high-efficiency cells, and scaling offshore wind installations into massive multi-megawatt systems.

Every incremental improvement in technology drives structural efficiency higher, which pushes baseline operational costs down even further. This is the ultimate lesson of the energy-water nexus: market standardization creates the compounding economic engine that transforms a scarce, expensive technology into an abundant, globally accessible utility. By executing this playbook for water, Kreneon is triggering this identical economic flywheel to permanently lower the cost of resource preservation.

And that's not all! Executive Appendix

The following data points illustrate additional economic good news when assets undergo market commodification and regulatory clearing[5]:

- **Dramatic Reduction in Transaction Costs:** Enhanced market transparency and reporting standards trigger a **50 to 100+ basis point drop** (or .5% to 1% in capital market terms) in direct transaction costs for end-user market participants
- **Compression of Bid-Ask Spreads:** The creation of standardized, cleared contracts drives a **50% to 70% reduction** in trading bid-ask spreads, drastically lowering structural friction for institutional trading desks
- **Elimination of Premium Overcharges:** Moving from opaque, backroom pricing structures to an open, centralized commodity format eliminates vendor informational asymmetry, resulting in a **31% decrease** in baseline end-user pricing.
- **Multiplied Private Capital Deployment:** Establishing clear, public price discovery mechanisms removes underwriting uncertainty and generates a direct **4x to 5x surge** in total private capital deployment.
- **Catalytic Financing Leverage:** Implementing standardized financial contract playbooks activates a **9:1 structural capital multiplier**, enabling every dollar of anchoring capital to mobilize nine dollars of private institutional syndicated loan co-investment.

- **Suppression of Cash Market Volatility:** The introduction of transparent asset registration and forward derivative clearing networks stabilizes long-term supply expectations, yielding a **17% baseline reduction** in spot price volatility.

The Kreneon Reframe: Unbundling the Molecule

For decades, the energy sector has utilized this exact blueprint to fund global progress. Private capital flows effortlessly into solar arrays and wind farms because investors can trade standardized power contracts. They don't just invest in physical electricity; they trade the data attributes associated with that clean energy through Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs).

Kreneon is applying this time tested playbook to the water crisis through an architectural design centered on unbundling.

Using at-device verification, Kreneon attaches secure, real-time monitors directly to the storage tanks of water producers. This sensor continuously validates exactly how much water with what attributes is manufactured.

The system then executes an asset-light financial technique known as 'Water Revenue Strips' (or Data Attribute Stripping). It leaves the physical molecule of water exactly where it is under contract, —but it "strips" the digital environmental validation data away.

That verified data is converted into a standardized financial contract called a virtual Water Purchase Agreement (vWPA). Suddenly, the environmental value of that water is turned into a tradeable digital asset that can clear across global markets.

A Tale of Two Balance Sheets

To see how this structural shift fundamentally transforms project economics, let's look at a real-world example based on our financial validation models, tracking a typical industrial buyer and an infrastructure supplier.

The Buyer's Dilemma: The Industrial Manufacturer

Imagine a major industrial manufacturing firm that requires massive, uninterrupted volumes of clean water for its production lines. To ensure business continuity and maintain its social license to operate within its local community, the company commits to a strict net-water-positive or zero-water-loss footprint. Where do they source this water?

Without a commodified marketplace, the manufacturer faces a costly dilemma:

Strategic Pathway	Operational Framework	Cash Flow Impact
The Legacy "Make" Path	Infrastructure Developer (Bespoke Build)	Heavy Upfront CapEx (\$10M–\$20M local liability)
The Kreneon "Buy" Path	Digital Registry Subscriber (Standard Lot Clearing)	Predictable OpEx Utility Line (Audit-proof balance sheet)

The Supplier's Unlock: The Desalination Innovator

Now look at the other side of the equation: an innovative engineering firm that builds solar-powered, off-grid desalination networks capable of creating thousands of cubic meters of fresh water from brackish coastal aquifers.

Without a digital asset registry, this innovator is financially trapped:

The Legacy Funding Bottleneck: The innovator approaches a commercial bank for an infrastructure loan to build a new site. The bank looks at the local community off-takers, realizes they cannot afford a premium retail water rate, determines the long-term cash flow is uncontracted and highly risky, and denies the loan. The innovator is forced to rely on slow public grants or highly dilutive private equity to survive, stalling their expansion.

But, with Kreneon's platform live, the capital pipeline opens:

1. **Pre-Selling the Attributes:** The innovator uses the registry to pre-sell the environmental data attributes of their future water output to the industrial manufacturer via forward vWPA contracts.
2. **Dropping the Cost of Capital:** They walk back into the bank with an ironclad, long-term corporate off-take agreement from a highly capitalized enterprise.
3. **The Financial Results:** De-risked by corporate credit, the bank grants a lower-interest infrastructure loan, dropping the project's weighted average cost of capital (WACC - the blended interest rates a company pays to finance its assets) by 200 to 300 basis points (capital market terms for 2-3%).

Our models show that this drop in capital costs instantly drives a significant surge in the project's Net Present Value (NPV) and increases its Internal Rate of Return (IRR), allowing the supplier to recycle their development capital and build their next ten installations.

Conclusion: Changing the Market to Change the World

Unlocking the \$13.2 Trillion [4] required to solve the global water crisis is not a technological limitation; it is a market design problem.

Commodification does not mean exploiting a shared resource; it means creating the institutional-grade plumbing necessary to reward resource generation. By using digital registries to turn verified water data into a liquid asset class, Kreneon converts environmental stewardship into a highly predictable, compounding capital return. We are turning the lights on in a dark room—aligning industrial demand with infrastructure survival to leave the world's ecosystems fundamentally better than we found them.

Citations

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